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The Passport Society The Republic of India Welcome to the United States Civil Registration and Identification Glossary The Invention of the Passport Computerised Registers in the Public Sector (in Civil, Penal and Administrative Law) The Invention of the Passport Policing Stalin's Socialism Stalinism The Passport in America Japan's Household Registration System and Citizenship The German National Registration System Privacy Act Issuances Federal Register Social Dimensions of Soviet Industrialization Privacy Act Issuances ... Compilation Cultivating the Masses Privacy Act Issuances ... Compilation The Soviet Passport Soviet Law and Economy The Right to Leave and Return and Chinese Migration Law Birth Registration and Armed Conflict The Design Politics of the Passport Privacy Act Issuances ... Compilation Advances in Grid and Pervasive Computing Nation Building And Ethnic Integration In Post-soviet Societies Magnetic Mountain The Contemporary Soviet City Technologies of InSecurity Identifying Citizens National Identification Systems The General Stud-book State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2007 Science, the Departments of State, Justice, and

Commerce, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 2007 State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations for Fiscal Year ... Policing Change, Changing Police Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 2005: Department of State, Broadcasting Board of Governors 108-2 Hearings: Departments of Commerce, Justice, And State, The Judiciary, And Related Agencies Appropriations For 2005, Part 3, * Foreign Exchange Management And Air Ticketing Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 2005

Civil Registration and Identification Glossary Jan 31 2023 Today, in the interconnected and interdependent world in which we live, the constant innovations and emergence of terminology demand a common and harmonic language among the authorities in charge of civil registration, identification, biometric systems, and vital statistics in Latin America and the Caribbean. This Glossary of Civil Registration and Identification has its origin in this growing demand and seeks to strengthen the

communication and increase the knowledge of the valuable vocabulary in this field. The Inter-American Development Bank accompanies the initiatives of the region's governments to modernize their civil registries and to ensure that they are capable of facing the challenges of the twenty-first century.

Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 2005: Department of State, Broadcasting Board of Governors Mar 28 2020 108-2 Hearings: Departments of Commerce, Justice, And State, The Judiciary, And Related Agencies Appropriations For 2005, Part 3, * Feb 26 2020

Japan's Household Registration System and Citizenship Jun 23 2022

Japan's Household Registration System (koseki seido) is an extremely powerful state instrument, and is socially entrenched with a long history of population governance, social control and the maintenance of social order. It provides identity whilst at the same time imposing identity upon everyone registered, and in turn, the state receives validity and legitimacy from the registration of its inhabitants. The study of the procedures and mechanisms for identifying and documenting people

provides an important window into understanding statecraft, and by examining the koseki system, this book provides a keen insight into social and political change in Japan. By looking through the lens of the koseki system, the book takes both an historical as well as a contemporary approach to understanding Japanese society. In doing so, it develops our understanding of contemporary Japan within the historical context of population management and social control; reveals the social effects and influence of the koseki system throughout its history; and presents new insights into citizenship, nationality and identity. Furthermore, this book develops our knowledge of state functions and indeed the nation state itself, through engaging critically with important issues relating to the koseki while at the same time providing a platform for further investigation. The contributors to this volume utilise a variety of disciplinary areas including history, gender studies, sociology, law and anthropology, and each chapter provides insights that bring us closer to a comprehensive grasp of the role, effects and historical background of what is a crucial and influential instrument of the Japanese state. This book will be of great interest to students and scholars of Japanese history, Japanese culture and society, Japanese studies, Asian social policy and demography more generally.

The Right to Leave and Return and Chinese

Migration Law Aug 14 2021
Although the Right to Leave and Return (RLR) is a fundamental human right, each State has the sovereign right to regulate RLR in accordance with its own laws. In the case of China, the country's communist political system has significantly affected the development of RLR and the country's approach to it. As a rule, China's approach is restrictive. As part of its reform and 'opening up' policies, China has embarked on a range of reforms to liberalise RLR, but the reforms lack cohesion and focus, and remain restrictive. Given its past and its complex social and economic conditions, China may have some justifications for its approach, but on balance, has more to gain from adopting a more liberal approach. The issue of RLR in China is crucial both for the future of China, and for development of RLR in the world. "The Right to Leave and Return (RLR) and Chinese Migration Law" provides a comprehensive and systematic review of the RLR in international and Chinese migration law. It has been written on the basis of Chinese statutes pertinent to the RLR, also of relevant international instruments and key cases. It investigates RLR in international migration law and practice; analyses RLR in the context of China, and identifies its driving factors; investigates the conditions and practical concerns relevant to the protection of RLR; and concludes with recommendations on how the Chinese regulatory regime

governing RLR can be improved.

The Invention of the Passport
Dec 30 2022 In order to distinguish between those who may and may not enter or leave, states everywhere have developed extensive systems of identification, central to which is the passport. This innovative book argues that documents such as passports, internal passports and related mechanisms have been crucial in making distinctions between citizens and non-citizens. It examines how the concept of citizenship has been used to delineate rights and penalties regarding property, liberty, taxes and welfare. It focuses on the US and Western Europe, moving from revolutionary France to the Napoleonic era, the American Civil War, the British industrial revolution, pre-World War I Italy, the reign of Germany's Third Reich and beyond. This innovative study combines theory and empirical data in questioning how and why states have established the exclusive right to authorize and regulate the movement of people.

[Social Dimensions of Soviet Industrialization](#) Feb 17 2022
"This is a fine book, impressive in both quantity and quality."
—Journal of Economic History
"The collection stands out as one of the most useful volumes currently available on the Soviet Union in the 1930s."
—Labour History Review
"Altogether, this book succeeds in opening up the social history of the Soviet Union in the era of planning for those students and scholars who are ready to advance beyond the old

stereotypes." —ILWCH The pathbreaking essays assembled here examine the complex pattern of relationships between the first Five Year Plans and the society and culture of Stalinist Russia. Discussion focuses on urbanization, social mobility, questions of social identity and the cultural constructions of the industrialization drive, as well as work organization, management relations, and the underlying processes of industrial organization.

Policing Change, Changing Police Apr 29 2020 First published in 1996. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Computerised Registers in the Public Sector (in Civil, Penal and Administrative Law) Nov 28 2022 The Council of Europe

The Design Politics of the Passport Jun 11 2021 The Design Politics of the Passport presents an innovative study of the passport and its associated social, political and material practices as a means of uncovering the workings of 'design politics'. It traces the histories, technologies, power relations and contestations around this small but powerful artefact to establish a framework for understanding how design is always enmeshed in the political, and how politics can be understood in terms of material objects. Combining design studies with critical border studies, alongside ethnographic work among undocumented migrants, border transgressors and passport forgers, this book shows how a world made and designed as open and

hospitable to some is strictly enclosed, confined and demarcated for many others - and how those affected by such injustices dissent from the immobilities imposed on them through the same capacity of design and artifice.

Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 2005 Dec 26 2019

Cultivating the Masses Dec 18 2021 Under Stalin's leadership, the Soviet government carried out a massive number of deportations, incarcerations, and executions. Paradoxically, at the very moment that Soviet authorities were killing thousands of individuals, they were also engaged in an enormous pronatalist campaign to boost the population. Even as the number of repressions grew exponentially, Communist Party leaders enacted sweeping social welfare and public health measures to safeguard people's well-being. Extensive state surveillance of the population went hand in hand with literacy campaigns, political education, and efforts to instill in people an appreciation of high culture. In *Cultivating the Masses*, David L. Hoffmann examines the Party leadership's pursuit of these seemingly contradictory policies in order to grasp fully the character of the Stalinist regime, a regime intent on transforming the socioeconomic order and the very nature of its citizens. To analyze Soviet social policies, Hoffmann places them in an international comparative context. He explains Soviet

technologies of social intervention as one particular constellation of modern state practices. These practices developed in conjunction with the ambitions of nineteenth-century European reformers to refashion society, and they subsequently prompted welfare programs, public health initiatives, and reproductive regulations in countries around the world. The mobilizational demands of World War I impelled political leaders to expand even further their efforts at population management, via economic controls, surveillance, propaganda, and state violence. Born at this moment of total war, the Soviet system institutionalized these wartime methods as permanent features of governance. Party leaders, whose dictatorship included no checks on state power, in turn attached interventionist practices to their ideological goal of building socialism.

The Passport in America Jul 25 2022 In today's world of constant identification checks, it's difficult to recall that there was ever a time when "proof of identity" was not a part of everyday life. And as anyone knows who has ever lost a passport, or let one expire on the eve of international travel, the passport has become an indispensable document. But how and why did this form of identification take on such a crucial role? In the first history of the passport in the United States, Craig Robertson offers an illuminating account of how this document, above all others, came to be considered a reliable answer to the

question: who are you?
Historically, the passport originated as an official letter of introduction addressed to foreign governments on behalf of American travelers, but as Robertson shows, it became entangled in contemporary negotiations over citizenship and other forms of identity documentation. Prior to World War I, passports were not required to cross American borders, and while some people struggled to understand how a passport could accurately identify a person, others took advantage of this new document to advance claims for citizenship. From the strategic use of passport applications by freed slaves and a campaign to allow married women to get passports in their maiden names, to the "passport nuisance" of the 1920s and the contested addition of photographs and other identification technologies on the passport, Robertson sheds new light on issues of individual and national identity in modern U.S. history. In this age of heightened security, especially at international borders, Robertson's *The Passport in America* provides anyone interested in questions of identification and surveillance with a richly detailed, and often surprising, history of this uniquely important document.
Stalinism Aug 26 2022 First Published in 1999. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.
Identifying Citizens Nov 04 2020 New ID card systems are proliferating around the world. These may use digitized

fingerprints or photos, may be contactless, using a scanner, and above all, may rely on computerized registries of personal information. In this timely new contribution, David Lyon argues that such IDs represent a fresh phase in the long-term attempts of modern states to find stable ways of identifying citizens. New ID systems are "new" because they are high-tech. But their newness is also seen crucially in the ways that they contribute to new means of governance. The rise of e-Government and global mobility along with the aftermath of 9/11 and fears of identity theft are propelling the trend towards new ID systems. This is further lubricated by high technology companies seeking lucrative procurements, giving stakes in identification practices to agencies additional to nation-states, particularly technical and commercial ones. While the claims made for new IDs focus on security, efficiency and convenience, each proposal is also controversial. Fears of privacy-loss, limits to liberty, government control, and even of totalitarian tendencies are expressed by critics. This book takes an historical, comparative and sociological look at citizen-identification, and new ID cards in particular. It concludes that their widespread use is both likely and, without some strong safeguards, troublesome, though not necessarily for the reasons most popularly proposed. Arguing that new IDs demand new approaches to

identification practices given their potential for undermining trust and contributing to social exclusion, David Lyon provides the clearest overview of this topical area to date.
[Nation Building And Ethnic Integration In Post-soviet Societies](#) Mar 09 2021 Of all the states of the former Soviet Union, it is in Latvia and in Kazakstan that the titular nation represents the lowest share of the total population: as of 1997, approximately 57 per cent in Latvia and 50 per cent in Kazakstan. In such a situation it is difficult to see how the titular (Latvian, Kazak) culture can serve as a consolidating ele
Privacy Act Issuances ... Compilation Jan 19 2022
State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations for Fiscal Year ... May 30 2020
The German National Registration System May 23 2022
Soviet Law and Economy Sep 14 2021
[Privacy Act Issuances](#) Apr 21 2022
Magnetic Mountain Feb 05 2021 This study is the first of its kind: a street-level inside account of what Stalinism meant to the masses of ordinary people who lived it. Stephen Kotkin was the first American in 45 years to be allowed into Magnitogorsk, a city built in response to Stalin's decision to transform the predominantly agricultural nation into a "country of metal." With unique access to previously untapped archives and interviews, Kotkin forges a vivid and compelling account of

the impact of industrialization on a single urban community. Kotkin argues that Stalinism offered itself as an opportunity for enlightenment. The utopia it proffered, socialism, would be a new civilization based on the repudiation of capitalism. The extent to which the citizenry participated in this scheme and the relationship of the state's ambitions to the dreams of ordinary people form the substance of this fascinating story. Kotkin tells it deftly, with a remarkable understanding of the social and political system, as well as a keen instinct for the details of everyday life. Kotkin depicts a whole range of life: from the blast furnace workers who labored in the enormous iron and steel plant, to the families who struggled with the shortage of housing and services. Thematically organized and closely focused, *Magnetic Mountain* signals the beginning of a new stage in the writing of Soviet social history.

The Soviet Passport Oct 16 2021 In this remarkable book, Albert Baiburin provides the first in-depth study of the development and uses of the passport, or state identity card, in the former Soviet Union. First introduced in 1932, the Soviet passport took on an exceptional range of functions, extending not just to the regulation of movement and control of migrancy but also to the constitution of subjectivity and of social hierarchies based on place of residence, family background, and ethnic origin. While the basic role of the Soviet passport was to certify a person's identity, it assumed a

far greater significance in Soviet life. Without it, a person literally 'disappeared' from society. It was impossible to find employment or carry out everyday activities like picking up a parcel from the post office; a person could not marry or even officially die without a passport. It was absolutely essential on virtually every occasion when an individual had contact with officialdom because it was always necessary to prove that the individual was the person whom they claimed to be. And since the passport included an indication of the holder's ethnic identity, individuals found themselves accorded a certain rank in a new hierarchy of nationalities where some ethnic categories were 'normal' and others were stigmatized. Passport systems were used by state officials for the deportation of entire population categories - the so-called 'former people', those from the pre-revolutionary elite, and the relations of 'enemies of the people'. But at the same time, passport ownership became the signifier of an acceptable social existence, and the passport itself - the information it contained, the photographs and signatures - became part of the life experience and self-perception of those who possessed it. This meticulously researched and highly original book will be of great interest to students and scholars of Russia and the Soviet Union and to anyone interested in the shaping of identity in the modern world.

The Invention of the

Passport Oct 28 2022 This book presents the first detailed history of the modern passport and why it became so important for controlling movement in the modern world. It explores the history of passport laws, the parliamentary debates about those laws, and the social responses to their implementation. The author argues that modern nation-states and the international state system have 'monopolized the 'legitimate means of movement', rendering persons dependent on states' authority to move about - especially, though not exclusively, across international boundaries. This new edition reviews other scholarship, much of which was stimulated by the first edition, addressing the place of identification documents in contemporary life. It also updates the story of passport regulations from the publication of the first edition, which appeared just before the terrorist attacks of 9/11, to the present day.

Foreign Exchange Management And Air Ticketing

Jan 25 2020 The book enlightens the readers with new concepts of almost all aspects of forex management and related issues. A good guide to foreign exchange management.

Policing Stalin's Socialism Sep 26 2022 *Policing Stalin's Socialism* is one of the first books to emphasize the importance of social order repression by Stalin's Soviet regime in contrast to the traditional emphasis of historians on political

repression. Based on extensive examination of new archival materials, David Shearer finds that most repression during the Stalinist dictatorship of the 1930s was against marginal social groups such as petty criminals, deviant youth, sectarians, and the unemployed and unproductive. It was because Soviet leaders regarded social disorder as more of a danger to the state than political opposition that they instituted a new form of class war to defend themselves against this perceived threat. Despite the combined work of the political and civil police the efforts to cleanse society failed; this failure set the stage for the massive purges that decimated the country in the late 1930s.

Privacy Act Issuances ...

Compilation May 11 2021

Contains systems of records maintained on individuals by Federal agencies which were published in the Federal Register and rules of each agency concerning the procedures the agency will use in helping individuals who request information about their records.

Technologies of InSecurity Dec 06 2020

Technologies of InSecurity examines how general social and political concerns about terrorism, crime, migration and globalization are translated into concrete practices of securitisation of everyday life. Who are we afraid of in a globalizing world? How are issues of safety and security constructed and addressed by various local actors and embodied in a variety of surveillance systems?

Examining how various forms of contemporary insecurity are translated into, and reduced to, issues of surveillance and social control, this book explores a variety of practical and cultural aspects of technological control, as well as the discourses about safety and security surrounding them. (In)security is a politically and socially constructed phenomenon, with a variety of meanings and modalities. And, exploring the inherent duality and dialectics between our striving for security and the simultaneous production of insecurity, *Technologies of Insecurity* considers how mundane objects and activities are becoming bearers of risks which need to be neutralised. As ordinary arenas - such as the workplace, the city centre, the football stadium, the airport, and the internet - are imbued with various notions of risk and danger and subject to changing public attitudes and sensibilities, the critical deconstruction of the nexus between everyday surveillance and (in)security pursued here provides important new insights about how broader political issues are translated into concrete and local practices of social control and exclusion.

Privacy Act Issuances ...

Compilation Nov 16 2021

Contains systems of records maintained on individuals by Federal agencies which were published in the Federal Register and rules of each agency concerning the procedures the agency will use in helping individuals who request information about their

records.

The Passport Society May 03 2023

Welcome to the United States Mar 01 2023

The Republic of India Apr 02 2023

The General Stud-book Sep 02 2020

Advances in Grid and Pervasive Computing Apr 09 2021

Grid and Pervasive Computing

(GPC) is an annual

international conference

devoted to the promotion and

advancement of all aspects of grid and pervasive computing.

The objective of this

conference is to provide a

forum for researchers and

engineers to present their

latest research in the ?elds of

grid and pervasive computing.

Previous editions of the Grid

and Pervasive Computing

conference were held in:

Kunming (China) May 25-28,

2008, Paris (France) May 2-4,

2007, and Taichung (Taiwan)

May 3-5, 2006. The fourth

edition took place in Geneva,

Switzerland during May 4-8,

2009. It was organized by

members of the University of

Applied Sciences Western

Switzerland (Haute Ecole de

Paysage, d'Ing´ enierie et

d'Architecture - hepia), in

collaboration with colleagues

from various places around the

world. The conference spanned

a full week, including a three-

day technical program where

the papers contained in these

proceedings were presented.

The conf- ence was followed by

two tutorial days where

attendants had the opportunity

to discuss a variety of topics

related to the ?elds covered at

the conference, at both

introductory and advanced levels. The technical program also included an industrial session, with contributions illustrating challenges faced and solutions devised by industry. Furthermore, the conference offered an opportunity for vendors and researchers to present their products and projects at an exhibition (Grid Village) where solutions supporting the development of grid and pervasive computing were displayed.

Federal Register Mar 21 2022
State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs

Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2007 Aug 02 2020

National Identification Systems Oct 04 2020

Throughout history, governments have sought more efficient ways to count, tax, allocate, monitor and order the activities of their citizens. Watner and McElroy have compiled a collection of essays that present the historical, religious, moral and practical

arguments against government enumeration. The articles look at several government naming practices and the census and discuss how the collection of seemingly innocent data could be used to commit abuses.

Section one recounts the history of what we now call national ID. Section two covers contemporary technologies, such as microchips, email tracking and camera-based surveillance systems, applying to each the test, "How would this catch terrorists or other criminals without destroying the rights of peaceable people?" Section three imagines a future of rebellion against a government tracking its citizens in the name of security, but offers some hope that American culture does not lend itself to the fanatical control that a high-tech national ID system could make possible.

Birth Registration and Armed Conflict Jul 13 2021

The present publication

reviews the problem of non-registration in conflict-affected countries while drawing on case studies to analyze successful or promising initiatives to ensure registration. The ultimate goal is to assist practitioners in the field in conflict and post-conflict environments to promote emerging encouraging practices in ensuring the right of the child to birth registration and thereby to the enjoyment of many rights.

The Contemporary Soviet City Jan 07 2021

This anthology of short stories reflects the writers' shared core experience of Korea's trajectory from an inward-looking feudal state, through Japanese colony and battleground for the Korean War, to a modernizing society. Three stories have been added to the original edition.

[Science, the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, and Related Agencies](#)

[Appropriations for 2007](#) Jul 01 2020